

Muckraker	Work	Subject	Results
Thomas Nast	Political Cartoons	Political corruption by NYC's political machine, Tammany Hall, led by Boss Tweed.	Tweed was convicted of embezzlement and died in prison.
Jacob Riis	<i>How the Other Half Lives</i> (1890)	Living conditions of the urban poor; focused on tenements.	NYC passed building codes to promote safety and health.
Ida B. Wells	<i>A Red Record</i> (1895)	Provided statistics on the lynching of African-Americans.	NAACP joined the fight for Federal anti- lynching legislation.
Lewis Hine	Documentary Photographer (1908)	National Child Labor Committee commissioned Hine to photo child labor to pressure Congress into changing laws.	Hine used his camera as a tool for social reform and were instrumental in changing the child labor laws in the United States.
Ida Tarbell	"History of Standard Oil Company" (1904)	Exposed the ruthless tactics of the Standard Oil Company through a series of articles published in <i>McClure's Magazine</i> .	In <i>Standard Oil v. U.S.</i> (1911), the company was declared a monopoly and broken up.
Lincoln Steffans	<i>The Shame of the Cities</i> (1904)	Examined political corruption in cities across the United States.	Cities began to use city commissions and city managers instead of informal political groups.
Upton Sinclair	<i>The Jungle</i> (1906)	Investigated dangerous working conditions and unsanitary procedures in the meat-packing industry.	In 1906 the Meat Inspection Act and Pure Food and Drug Act were passed.

http://mrbidellcss.weebly.com/uploads/5/8/3/6/58365785/progressive_reforms.pdf